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Gazette of the United States, and Philadelphia Daily Advertiser.

By JOHN WARD FENNO, No. 119 Chesnut Street.

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☞ The price of this Gazette is Eight dollars per annum to Subscribers residing in the city of Philadelphia. All others pay one dollar additional, for enclosing and directing; and unless some person in this city will become answerable for the subscription, it must be paid Six Months in advance.

Ship Cassius, at Auction.

ON MONDAY NEXT,
THE TENTH INSTANT,
At six o'clock in the Evening,
WILL BE SOLD, BY AUCTION
At the Merchants Coffee-House,

THE SHIP
CASSIUS,

LYING at the navy-yard, with her sails, per inventory, which will be produced at the time of sale, rigging and cables as they now lay at Smith's stores above Race-street.

The Ship is a fast sailer and is pierced for eighteen guns, FOOTMAN & Co.
auctioneers.
dec 6 dts

For Sale,

THE SHIP
BOSTON PACKET,
HULINGS COWPERTHWAIT, Master,

BURTHEN about 2,500 barrels. a good strong Ship—has excellent accommodations for passengers, may be sent to sea with small expence. She is laying at Mifflin's wharf. For further particular enquire of

Isaac Harvey, jun, or
Smith & Ridgway.
november 16 §12t

☞ Said ship, if not sold out, or before the 5th of December, inst. will on that day, in the evening, be offered for sale by public auction, at the merchants's coffee house.

Smith & Ridgway,
Isaac Harvey, jun.
dec. 3.

FOR SALE,

THE SHIP
PERSEVERANCE,
James Williamson, master.

Just arrived from St Domingo, built in Philadelphia, of live Oak and Cedar, copper sheathed in London, burthen 320 tons mounting 16 guns and may be prepared for sea in a few days,
With her Cargo,
Now on Board,
CONSISTING OF
151 Hogsheads and 50 barrels Sugar
260,000 Weight of prime Coffee in hhds. bbls and bags &
31 Puncheons of Jamaica Rum.

ALSO,

THE BRIG
JACK,
R. WILLIAMSON, *Master.*

FROM St. Domingo, with her cargo, consisting of
43 hogsheads of Sugar,
And 40,000 weight of prime Coffee.
LIKEWISE,

THE BRIG
AMIABLE MATILDA,

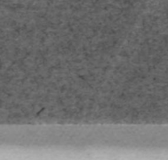
MOUNTING 12 Guns burthen two thousand two hundred barrels of flour, and in compleat order.—Apply to
Thomas & John Ketland.
november 13 §

For Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBER, intending to decline the DRUG BUSINESS, offers For Sale, the whole Stock of
Drugs and Medicines, Instruments, &c.

The shop is elegant, commodious, and sufficiently known for the extensive business done in the wholesale and retail line; the situation equal to any in the city, being at the corner of Walnut and Second streets. The whole, or any part of the Stock, will be sold, as will best suit the purchaser. The terms may be known, by applying to
JAMES MOORE, JUN.
Who has For Sale,

TWO
Sloops,



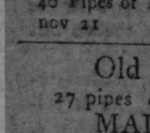
Well calculated for the river trade—
The PEGGY, about 30 tons burthen, Mulberry and Red Cedar frame, and remarkably stout, of an easy draught of water, rigging in good order.
The SALLY, about 30 tons, sails well, and in complete order for the lumber business.

☞ All persons indebted to the late firm of *Goldthwait & Baldwin, W. B. Goldthwait, Goldthwait & Moore,* or the subscriber, are earnestly requested to make speedy payment to
JAMES MOORE, JUN.
august 3 §

BOSTON BEEF,

200 Barrels in Shipping Order.
FOR SALE BY
JOHN SKYRIN,
No. 96, North Front-street.

Who wants to Charter,



A GOOD STOUT VESSEL,
Of about 300 Tons burthen.
HAS ALSO FOR SALE,
40 Pipes of Madeira Wine, 3 years old.
nov 21 m4t

Old Madeira Wine.

27 pipes of old London particular
MADEIRA WINE,
in strong iron bound Hambro' casks, for sale by ROBERT ANDREWS.
Nov. 30. codtf

SHIP BROKER'S OFFICE,

And Commission Store,
NO. 119, SOUTH FRONT STREET,
Next door to the Custom House.

THE Subscriber, encouraged by the advice of his friends, offers his service to the public as a Ship and Insurance Broker.——He proposes to buy and sell vessels and every thing relating thereto—assist masters of vessels and others in entering and clearing at the Custom-House, procuring and shipping freight, settling Insurance and all other mercantile accounts, and have on hand the necessary Blanks and Stamps.

Papers in foreign languages translated, and information given in general mercantile matters.—From a knowledge gained by long experience of every branch of business he hopes to be useful to those who please to favor him with their commands. *SAMUEL EMERY.*
november 19 §

FOR WILMINGTON,

NORTH-CAROLINA,

THE SHIP
COMMERCE,
Captain WOOD,

WILL take in freight on very moderate terms, and sail about the 25th instant. Apply to the Captain on board at Latimer's wharf, or
Willings & Francis,
Penn Street.
november 16 §

FOR SAVANNAH,

The fast sailing and well accommodated SHIP
SWIFT-PACKET,
PATRICK GIBBEN, master.

A constant trader, will sail in a few days.—For freight or passage apply to the master on board, or N. & J. FRAZIER,
No. 95, South Front-street.
dec 4 diw

For SALE or CHARTER,

THE SHIP
MOLLY,

Burthen 4200 barrels of Flour, Philadelphia built, well found and fitted, and may be ready to receive a cargo in a few days—she is pierced 18 guns, and mounts 12 new six pounders, with small arms in proportion.

THE SHIP
DIANA,

Burthen 2,100 barrels of Flour, Philadelphia built of live oak and cedar, is pierced for fourteen guns, and mounts ten new four pounders, with small arms in proportion.

THE BRIG
AMAZON,

Burthen 1,300 barrels of Flour, New-England built, has lately been completely fitted, and may be ready for sea in a few days.
For terms apply to
NICKLIN & GRIFFITH.

Who have for Sale

on board sundry vessels at MARCUS-HOOK,
12,000 bushels of Liverpool fine salt
1,100 bushels of coals
286 crates of queens ware assorted
7 tierces of bottled porter
10 barrels of coleothard paint
4 do. of purple brown do.
a quantity of yellow ocre in casks
6 barrels powdered Venetian red paint
6 barrels mineral black do.
15 barrels Spanish brown do.
35 boxes of pipes
91 boxes white } HAVANA SUGARS
89 do. brown }
3,500lbs. prime cochineal
3 barrels New Orleans indigo
4 puncheons Jamaica spirits
20 bales of sail canvas
379 sheets of copper, assorted from 48 by 24 to 60 by 48 inches
Two tubs raised still bottoms assorted
36 six pound guns 4½ feet, 8¼cwt each
14 do. 4 feet, 1cwt and 4lbs each
50 barrels of gun powder
6 cases Manchester cotton checks
3 trunks muslins and shawls
14 cases muslinets, dimities and ginghams
28 chests coloured nankeens, muslinets, &c.
12 trunks printed calicoes
6 bales of white and coloured cassimeres
1 bale of course woollens
English nails assorted.
October 27. fri. & sat. tf.

HUDSON & YORKE,

NO. 54, NORTH FRONT STREET,
HAVE JUST RECEIVED,
Per the last arrivals from Europe,
A VERY COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF
DRY GOODS,
Which they will dispose of on reasonable terms,
AMONGST WHICH ARE
Superfine and coarse cloths, coatings,
Elastic and fancy do.
Cassimeres, plains, duffils
Rose and stripe blankets well assorted in small bales
Furniture chintzes, cottons and dimeties
Callimancoes, camblets, durants, moreens, and joans
Muslins of all kinds
Velvets, velverets, thicksetts and fancy cords
An elegant assortment of ribbons
Red, white and yellow flannels
Red and green bocking and welsh baizes
An invoice cutlery and hardware
Cottonades, shawls, printed handkerchiefs
7-8 4-4 11-8 checks
9-8 & 5-4 cotton stripes
Cotton, worsted and silk hosiery
do do Gloves
Threads, bindings, tapes, &c. &c.
nov. 9. d18t

JOHN MILLER, junr.

Has returned to the City,
AND IS REMOVING FROM NO. 8, CHESNUT,
To the Five Story Building, in Dock near Third street.
Where he has for Sale
250 Bales of Bengal Goods;
CONSISTING OF
Cossaes
Bastas
Mamoodies
Humhums
Calicoes
Handkerchiefs, &c. &c.
The remains of a Stock of
DRY GOODS,
Consisting of WOOLENS only,
AMONGST THEM ARE,
Cloths
Coatings
Blankets
Kendal Cottons
Hats, &c.
ALSO,
100 Hhds. of Old Rum,
Of a fine flavor, 3d & 4th proof.
nov 10 §

REMOVAL.

GEORGE DOBSON,

INFORMS his friends and the Public in general that he has removed from No. 25, South Third Street, to No 92 South side of Market-street, near the corner of Third Street, and is now opening a very extensive assortment of
DRY GOODS,
SUITABLE FOR THE PRESENT SEASON,
WHICH HE HAS JUST RECEIVED,
Per the ships William Penn, Amiable, and Jane, from London, and per Chesapeak and Thomas from Liverpool, and will be sold low for cash, or approved notes at a short date, viz.
London 7-4 Superfine Cloths and
Cassimeres, fashionable colours
Yorkshire 7-4 do. and do.
Mixed and plain coatings
Welch flannels
Kersey beaver, for Spencers
Jeannets and Tabby cords
Velvets and velvetteens
Velverets and thicksetts
7, 8, 4-4 and 11-8 cotton and linen checks
7-8 and 4-4 bed ticks
6-4 and 7-4 bed bunts
London chintz and chintz furnitures
Furniture cottons
Do. dimities
Purple and chintz shawls
Silk do.
Camels hair do.
Silk, cotton, and worsted hose
India and British muslins of every description
Black and white crape
Tiffany and paper fans
Hats assorted in small cases
Umbrellas
Peelings and fattins
Laces and edgings
Ribbands
Silk Modes
Superfine French cambrick
Cambrick muslins
Do. threads
Pulicat and Madras Handkerchiefs,
And an elegant assortment of
Brussels and Wilton Carpeting.
november 17 §

For sale by the subscribers,
A FEW BALES OF
WOOLENS,
Containing Cloths & Blankets,
150 bales Bengal muslins
20 do. Madras handkerchiefs, elegant patterns
202 pieces Russia sheeting
10 boxes umbrellas
a quantity of cassia
30 tons Petersburg clean hemp
25 pipes, 3 years old, finest particular Madeira wine
a quantity of sheathing copper
Mordecai Lewis.
nov. 26 d2w

IMPORTED

IN THE LAST ARRIVALS,
Superfine, fine and common cloths
Swandowns
Baizes
Velvetts
Velveretts
Printed calicoes
Furniture & fancy dimities
Hair ribbands
Sewing silk
Brussels and Persia carpetts
Buttons
For sale, for cash or credit, by
SAMUEL MERRICK.
no. 243 Arch street.
nov. 16 §tJan1

LANDING,

From on board the Brig Amiable Matilda, Richard Stites, Master, from Cape Nichola Mole.

23 Bales Socks and Flannel Drawers
18 Do. Gaiters
2 Do. Rugs
1 Do. Havre Sacks
2 Do. Flannel Trowsers
2 Do. Tents,
} Such as are used in the King's army.

Also just Imported,
In the Ship Chesapeake, Captain Webb, from Liverpool,
147 Crates of Queen's Ware,
Assorted particularly to suit the West-India Market—For Sale by
Thomas & John Ketland.
november 7 §

Now Landing,

From on board the ship John Bulkeley, and for sale at the stores of Jesse & Robert Waln,
350,000 weight of Java Coffee,
of the first quality in bags.
150,000 weight of Java Sugar,
in cannisters.
nov. 23 d1f

BOND & BROOKS,

CORNER OF MARKET AND SIXTH STREETS,
HAVE RECEIVED,
by the late arrivals from London, Liverpool and Hull,
A LARGE AND GENERAL ASSORMENT OF
DRY GOODS,
Which they are now opening for sale, at the most reduced prices, for cash or the usual credit.

A capital Stand for Business

TO LET,
That large and commodious *HOUSE*, no. 39, south Front street, directly opposite the Post-Office, together with the store and cellar, on the Water-street side. Enquire as above.
nov 17 §

FOR SALE,

A QUANTITY OF
ROCOA.

ALSO—A few bales of excellent Cayenne Cotton subject to drawback—enquire of
JEHU HOLLINGSWORTH & Co.
No. 47, Penn Street
nov. 24 dtf

JAMAICA RUM,

A Cargo now landing at South street wharf,
FOR SALE BY
PETER BLIGHT,
Apply at Stores on the Wharf,
WHO ALSO OFFERS FOR SALE,
BRANDY, 1st and 4th proof
Madeira and Port WINES, &c. &c.
Nov. 1. dtf

Just imported in Ships William Penn, Amiable and Jean, from London,
A quantity of Cannon, sizes 4, 6 & 9 lb. Carronades, 12 lbs. } with balls suitable.
Muskets, Musquetoons, Cutlasses and Pistols, for ships use,
Rifled barreled Guns, Fowling Pieces, and Horseman's Pistols,
400,000 Flints, chiefly for muskets, in keys. } By the package only.
Regulation Light Dragoon Sabres, with Iron Scabbards, in cases of 50 each,
Light Cavalry Swords in Cases
Sabres, Swords and Cutlasses, with plated mountings
Ironmongery and Cutlery in casks, a general assortment—For Sale by
Thomas & Jno. Ketland,
Philad. October 25.

Just Arrived,

In the Brig Eliza, from the Mediterranean, and now landing at Walnut Street wharf,
Fourth proof Brandy in Pipes.
Brimstone.
An assortment of valuable DRUGS,
CONSISTING OF
Opium, Aloes, Cantharides, Camphire, Senna, Cremor Tartar, &c. &c.
Essences of Lemon and Bergamot
Writing paper
Sweet oil in bottles and flasks
Olives, anchovies and capers
Juniper berries
ALSO.—Italian lutestrings
Satins
Crapes
Umbrellas
Remaining on Hand,
St. Croix Sugars,
Claret in cases
Old Madeira Wine of the first quality.
JAMES YARD.
November 3 §

Genteel Boarding & Lodging,

IN A HEALTHY SITUATION.

MRS. M'CREA informs her friends and the Public, that she is prepared to accommodate several Gentlemen, with genteel Boarding and Lodging, at No. 17, Filbert street.
nov. 28 dtf

DESERTED,

FROM the ship of war *Delaware*, under the command of the subscriber, two seamen, viz.—

Francis Cazenave, a Portuguese, aged 28, about 5 feet 6 inches high, dark complexion, black eyes and hair, speaks French and Spanish fluently, and tolerable good English. Also.

Thomas Pendergrast, an Englishman, aged 26, about 5 feet 7 inches high, light hair, fresh complexion and blue eyes.

Whoever apprehends said deserters, and delivers them on board any ship of war belonging to the United States, or lodges them in goal shall receive 20 dollars reward, or 10 dollars for either of them.
STEPHEN DECATUR.
nov. 24 d10t

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of JAMES THOMPSON, of the Indian Queen, Fourth street deceased. are desired to make payment to the subscribers—and those who have any demands against the said estate, are requested to send in their accounts duly attested for settlement, to
MARGARET THOMPSON, } Administratrix.
JOHN THOMPSON, } Administrator.
nov. 23 d1m

James & William Miller,

No. 53, North Third Street,
Near Arch street, have the following articles for sale upon moderate terms for cash, or the usual credit.
Scarlet Cloths,
Low and middling quality, Mulberry and Green ditto, White, Red, and Yellow Irish Flannels, Blue, Green, and Mulberry half thicks. India calicoes, Gurrahs, Mamoodies, Guzzines, and other muslins, fancy and plain cotton hose, velvets, thicksetts and fancy cords, sewing silk and twist of all colours, ferreting, hair ribbon, coloured threads, India flag bandanoes, and other black and coloured silk handkerchiefs, a variety of other cotton do. Soute romals, red Gilla handkerchiefs, moreens, joan spinning, fustians, beavers, jeans, fatinetts and royal ribbs, also muslinets and dimities, ginghams, ladies' kid and coloured gloves; &c.
nov. 21 d10t

JOHN DOBBIN,

BOOT & SHOEMAKER.

RESPECTFULLY informs his Friends and the Public in general that he carries on his business at No 99 *South Second-street*, nearly opposite the Merchants Coffee house where gentlemen may be supplied in the neatest and best manner—he assures those who may please to favor him with their commands that no attention or exertion on his side shall be wanting to render him worthy of their encouragement.
N. B. Orders received will be punctually attended to.
november 5 §

NOTICE.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of doctor Hugh Hodge, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment—and those having demands against the Estate are desired to authenticate and present them to.
MARIA HODGE, administratrix.
SAMUEL HODGDEN, administrator.
nov 20 §

To be Sold at Auction,

TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER,
On THURSDAY, the 13th December next,
At the Bunch of Grapes Tavern, in BOSTON, precisely at 1 o'clock, P. M.
Two Notes of Hand,
Signed by Kelly and Clark, and indorsed by Martin Kinsley, Thomas Barber and James Greenleaf, dated December 18, 1795, and payable the 1st day of January, 1799, viz.
One Note for three thousand six hundred dollars, and one Note for four thousand eight hundred dollars.
Boston, november 14 (22)

FOR SALE,
By FISHBOURN WHARTON,
at No. 128 South Fourth-street.
China Ware,
Nankeens
Teas
Boglipores
Lutestrings, &
Silk Shawls.
nov 13. odtf

Notice is hereby Given,

THAT application will be made at the Treasury of the United States, for the renewal of the following certificates of Funded Debt, standing in the name of Robert Whitworth, of Chelsea, London, the said Certificates having been forwarded by the ship Ellice, Harvey, from London for New-York, captured by the French, and supposed to be lost.
No. 11437, 6 Per Cent. Stock, dated New-York, 18th April, 1796, for Dollars. 1481,47.
No. 8171, 3 Per Cent. dated New-York, 18th April 1796, for dollars 400.
SAMUEL MILBANK.
november 18 d6w

Notice is hereby Given,

THAT application will be made at the Bank of the United States for the renewal of the following certificates of Bank stock standing in the name of Hodgson Atkinson of London, which were lost from on board the Swallow Packet, capt. Kidd, captured by the French, and all persons concerned are desired to take notice
No. 2424, issued in lieu of No. 1891, 1892, 5662 and 16640, for 4 shares.
No. 3020 issued in lieu of 11055, and 11057, for 3 shares.—7 shares.
THOMAS M EUEN & Co.
nov. 28 d3m

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of JOHN SPURRIER, late of this city deceased are requested to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands against said estate are desired to render their accounts properly attested to the subscriber for settlement
ELEANOR SPURRIER,
Administratrix.
nov. 28 ¶3t

NOTICE,

ALL Persons having claims upon the Estate of James Thorburn, Stonecutter, deceased, are desired to present them for payment—and those indebted to pay their respective ballances to
Benjamin W. Morris, administrator.
nov 14 3aw3w

JAMES & RICHARD SMITH,

HAVE this day returned from the country to their STORE, No. 54, South Front street, where they have for sale, as usual, a large and general assortment of European and East-India
DRY GOODS,
most of which have now arrived and are landing, from the different vessels, from Hamburgh, London, Liverpool and Hull.
Their Customers by applying will find almost every article generally imported, and at as low prices for cash or credit, as they can be had elsewhere.
N. B. A few Cases of Nurenbergh TOYS, a consignment, to be sold by the case only.
Philadelphia, Nov. 1, 1798. dtf

Millenery Room,

No. 136, Market Street.
THREE or four young women who are well acquainted with the Millenery business, and can bring good recommendations may be employed by applying as above to
D. CHRYSTAL.
nov. 26 §

English wrought Nails.

Imported in the ships Molly and Diana, from LIVERPOOL.
400 Casks of Nails,
CONSISTING of 6d, 8d, 10d, 12d, and 20d, flat points suitable for the southern market—6d, 8d, 10d, 12d, and 20d, fine drawn sharps—also 2, 3, 4, and 6 clouts—sprigs—tucks—scupper nails—sheathing nails, &c.
FOR SALE BY,
Robert Denison, junr.
127 Market-street.

For Sale, at the Stores of the Subscribers, on Walnut street Wharf,

195 casks of nails assorted
20 bales of sail canvas, from No. 1 to 8
53 casks yellow ochre
15 tierces bottled porter, 6 to 14 doz. each
London particular } Madeira Wines
India market }
Teneriffe do. in hogsheads and pip
Old Port do. in hhds.
Empty Claret bottles
6 cases of Ginghams, Dimities, Muslinets &c. assorted for the West-India market
4, 10, and 9 inch cables and 10 coils of cordage
Writing slates, ink stands and presses
20 puncheons Jamaica rum
1 bale seaming twine
160 bundles sheathing paper
Nicklin & Griffith.
april 7 tuth&s.tf

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,

SATURDAY EVENING, *DECEMBER* 8.

The Speaker and moſt of the members, of the houſe of repreſentatives of United States, waited on Major General Pinckney this forenoon, at his quarters in third-ſtreet, to offer him the homage of their affection and approbation.

—

Intended to be launched this day at high-water, at Point Pleaſant, near Kenſington. The merchant ſhip Nadir of three hundred and twenty-tons, ſhipwrights tonnage, pierced for twenty guns on her upper deck, built by Joſeph Grice, for Meſſrs. Philips, Cramond & Co. of this city. In point of Workmanſhip and elegance, this ſhip is allowed by good judges, to be equal to any ſhip of her dimenſions ever built in this port.

—

Arrived, ſhip Favorite, from Liverpool, left there the 6th October—brings nothing new.

—

ERRATUM.

*** The addreſs from a body of Milita. the Preſident's Anſwer to which was publiſhed in the Gazette of yeſterday, came from VIRGINIA, and not Vermont.

By this Day's Mail.

NEW-LONDON, December 3.

On Saturday arrived here the ſhip Maryann, capt. Benj. Park, 51 days from Malaga, bound to New-York. Mr. Benj. Mumford, ſupercargo, of the ſhip, has politely favored us with the copy of an intercepted letter written by a French officer who was on ſhore at Roſetta, and ſaw the naval combat which will render the name of NELSON, famous in the annals of the world. We have alſo received in manuſcript, the ſame account of the action which is publiſhed in this day's Oracle under Baltimore head.

—

LIBERTY. EQUALITY.

Roſetta in Egypt, 17th Thermidor, ſixth year of the French Republic—or 3 Auguſt 1798.

From E. Rouſſietgue, Comptroller General of the expences of the Eaſtern Army, and Adminiſtrator General of the Finances.

"We have juſt been witneſs my dear friend, to a Naval Combat, the moſt bloody and unfortunate, that for many ages has taken place:—As yet we know not all the circumſtances, but thoſe we are acquainted with are frightful in the extreme; the French ſquadron conſiſting of thirteen ſail of the line, one of which was a three decker of 120 guns, and three 80 gun ſhips, were anchored in line of battle, in the Bay of Abuckar or Carroſſa, the only one that exiſts in all the coaſt of Egypt, for theſe eight days paſt ſeveral ſhips and frigates belonging to the Engliſh, have at different times been reconnoitering the poſition of our fleet, ſo that we were in momentary expectation of being attacked.

"In a direct line from Abuckar to Roſetta, the diſtance is about four leagues and half, from the heighth of the latter our fleet is perfectly ſeen and diſtinguiſhed, the 14th of this month at half paſt five o'clock in the evening we heard the firing of cannon, this was the commencement of the battle! we immediately got up the Tenaces, the tops of the higheſt houſes and little eminences, from whence we plainly diſtinguiſhed ten Engliſh ſail of the line, the others we could not ſee; the cannonading was very heavy until about a quarter of nine o'clock, when favored by the night we perceived an immenſe light, which announced to us that ſome ſhip was on fire, the thunder of cannon was heard with re-doubled fury, and the ſhip on fire blew up, with the moſt dreadful exploſion which was heard at Roſetta, in the ſame manner as the exploſion of the Ganelle was heard at Paris when this accident happened, the moſt profound ſilence took place for the ſpace of about ten minutes, from the moment of the exploſion, until our hearing it might take up about two; the firing commenced again, and continued without intermiſſion until three o'clock in the morning, when it ceaſed almoſt entirely until five, when it commenced again with as great vivacity as ever. I placed myſelf on a tower, which is about a cannon ſhot from Roſetta, and which is called Maudou, from thence I could plainly ſee the whole battle; at 8 o'clock I perceived a ſhip on fire and in about half an hour blew up ſimilar to that laſt night; a ſhip which until the moment of the exploſion was not perceived to be on fire at all. The other ſhips moved to a greater diſtance from the ſhore, and the fire on board her (apparently diſmaſted) by which we preſume that it was entirely diſtinguiſhed; during this time the canonading redoubled; a a large ſhip entirely diſmaſted was on ſhore on the coaſt, I perceived others amongſt the fleet in ſimilar manner diſmaſted, but the two ſquadrons were ſo mingled amongſt each other that it was impoſſible to diſtinguiſh French from Engliſh, nor on ſhore whoſe ſide the advantage was.

The firing continued with unavailing vivaſity until about two o'clock after mid-day of the 15th, at this hour we perceived two ſail of the line and two frigates under a preſs of ſail on a wind ſtanding to the eaſtward, we perceived the whole four were under French colours, no other veſſel made any movement, and the firing ceaſed entirely; towards ſix o'clock in the evening I returned to the tower about Mendau to reconnoitre the poſition of the two fleets, it was the ſame as at 2 o'clock, the four ſhips were abreſt of the mouth of the Nile.

"We knew not what to think or conjecture; twenty-four hours paſſed without having any perſon to give us any detail; in our ſituation it was impoſſible to proceed any ways by land on account of the Arabs, who were aſſembled between Roſetta and Abuckar, and by ſea, on account of the difficulty in getting out of the opening of the branch of the Nile. You may judge of our impatience and perplexity! nothing good could be acquired from this ſituation, however we were obliged to paſs the whole of this night in uncertainty: At laſt in the morning of the 16th a boat which left Alexandria in the night, gave us ſome detail though little tending to our comfort. They told us that the officers of the French fleet, who eſcaped in a boat to Alexandria, had reported that in the commencement of the battle, Admiral Bruyes had received three ſevere wounds, one in the head and two in the body, that notwithſtanding he perſiſted in keeping his ſtation on the arms cheſt, and that a fourth ſhot took him in the body and cut him in two! At the ſame moment a ſhot took off Cafabianea; that at this time they perceived the ſhip to be on fire in ſuch a mannner as not to be able to extinguiſh it, and at laſt that the ſhip had blown up at about 2 o'clock at night; they added that our fleet was totally deſtroyed and loſt, with the exception of four ſhips eſcaped, but that the remainder were totally ruined.

"I returned to the tower, where I found things entirely in the ſame ſituation as yeſterday; they were ſo even yeſterday night and this morning. I have now to ſay how they appeared from the Caſtle of Abuckar on the left, ſweeping the horizon to the right.

"4 ſhips were without maſts, and under Engliſh colours.

"5th and 6th are in good ſtate, but cannot diſtinguiſh thdir colours.

"The 4th has loſt her mainmaſt, this morning ſhe hoiſted her foremoſt ſtay-ſail, and ſes ſome after ſail.

"7th is without top-gallant maſt.

"8th is diſmaſted.

"9th is diſmaſted with the exception of her bowſprit.

"10th 11th 12th and 13th, form a kind of groupe, having only ſeven maſts between them.

"14th has only her ſore maſt.

"15th has loſt her fore-maſt and mizen top-gallant maſt.

"16th is entirely diſmaſted.

"17th has loſt her mizen-top-gallant-maſt.

"18th has loſt her fore-maſt.

"19th 20th and 21ſt, form a groupe having only four maſts beween them.

"22d is entirely diſmaſted and on ſhore, ſhe has Engliſh colours up, the the people on board of her are trying to get her afloat, and to raiſe her maſts.

"23d is in good ſtate.

"This is all I can diſtinguiſh from which reſults, that altho' the Engliſh have had the advantage, they have been roughly handled ſince they could not follow the veſſels that went away on the 15th, for thoſe two days their ſhips have been perfectly inactive and ſeemingly deſtroyed.

"This morning news has been brought from Alexandria which confirms our loſſes. Rear Admiral Dueſh is killed, alſo Vice Admiral Blanchquee Duchaide; five ſhips have ſtruck their colours, the Le Taunant was the laſt ſhip in action, Deputiler who commanded her had his two leggs ſhot off by a cannon ſhot; the ſhips that eſcaped are the Le Guillaume Tell, and the Le Genereaux, with the Frigates Le Diane, and Le Juſtice: they ſay it was the L'Artiweſe, that blew up yeſterday morning, many things relative to the battle we are ſtill to learn they ſay that the Engliſh Admiral has ſent a flag of truce to Alexandria, demanding that they ſhould receive and take charge of the wounded, which amounted to 1500, they will ſend us all our priſoners, (as yet I am ignorant of what has been decided upon.)

"You will receive in France the Official account of us and of the Engliſh, I know not what they will ſay, but you may rely on what I have written, becauſe it is what I have ſeen, communicate my letter to citizen Covanis, his ſon who ought to have given this account is by me otherwiſe employed."

—

Capt. Edgerton, who arrived on Friday in 42 days from Hamburgh, has obligingly loaned us Hamburgh paper to October 12th which alſo contain circumſtantial details of Nelſon's victory.

MISS BROADHURST

RESPECTFULLY informs her friends and the public that ſhe intends having

A CONCERT,

on Tueſday next, at O'ELLER's Hotel.

PART 1ſt.

Overture,	
Song,—Ellen ariſe,	Miſs Broadhurſt
Quartette,	
Song,	Mr. Darley
Duett, Violin & Claronet,	Meſſrs. Collet and Dubois
Italion Song,—Si non piange,	Miſs Broadhurſt
Glee, three voices—Lullaby.	

PART 2d.

Overture,	
Song,—"The New Somebody," [compoſed by B. Carr)	Miſs Broadhurſt
Sonata, Piano Forte,	Mr. B. Carr
Song,	Mr. Darley
Concerto, Clarinett,	Mr. Dubois
New Song, (the Flower Girl)	Miſs Broadhurſt
Glee, three voices—Sigh no more Ladies.	

To begin at ſeven o'clock.

Tickets one Dollar each to be had at Carr's Muſical Repoſitory, Market-ſtreet—O'Eller's Hotel, and of Miſs Broadhurſt, No. 179 Arch-ſtreet.

dec. 7 ¶4t

For Sale,

45 Boxes Havanna Sugar	Entitled to Drawback.
56 Hhds. St Croix do	
51 Bags Carracas Cocoa	
35 Hhds. Coffee	

RUNDLE & LEECH,
No. 9, Walnut-ſtreet.

dec 3 d1w

FOR SALE

By the Subſcribers,

ON VERY LOW TERMS

WAX CANDLES,

OF A SUPERIOR QUALITY,

Either by the ſingle box of 24lbs. or by the quantity.

Willings & Francis.

NOV. 24

From the MASSACHUSETTS MERCURY.

Meſſrs. YOUNG & MINNS,

HAVING accidentally met with the following in a ſcrap of an old paper, I hand it to you for publication. It contains the opinion of Franklin on the treatment of tories, and eſtabliſhment of political ſocieties. Your readers will perceive that he does not agree with our jacobins. What ſtrange and palpable obſtinacy is it that induces this claſs to diſregard the opinions of all ſenſible men—and adhere arrogantly to their own curious principles? It is very natural certainly to ſuſpect they ſin againſt their own conſciences; that they do not act as they think.

Yr's. CANDOUR.

—

Extract of a letter, dated Paris, Sept. 10, 1783, *ſigned B. Franklin, &c.*

"We think we may rely on his (Mr. Hartley) doing every thing in his power to influence his court, to do what they ought to do; but it does not appear they have as yet formed any ſettled ſyſtem for their conduct relative to the *United States*. We cannot but think that the late, and preſent aſpect of affairs in *America*, has had, and continues to have an unfavorable effect, not only in *Britain*, but thro' *Europe*. Inwhatever light the article reſpecting the *tories*, may be received in *America*; it is conſidered in *Europe*, as very humiliating to *Britain*, and therefore one which we ought in honor to perform and fulfil, with the moſt ſcrupulous regard rnd good faith, and in a manner *leaſt offencive* to the *feelings* of the *king* and *court* of *Great Britain*, who upon that point are extremely tender. The *unreaſonable* and unneceſſary *reſolves* of *various towns*, on this ſubject, the actual *expulſion* of *tories* from ſome places, and the avowed *implacability* of almoſt all who have publiſhed their ſentiments about the matter, are circumſtances which are *conſtrued* to the *prejudice* of our government. *Popular committees* are conſidered here as with us, in the light of *ſubſtitutes* to *conſtitutional government*, and as being only neceſſary in the *interval* between the *removal* of the former and the *eſtabliſhment* of the preſent. The conſtitutions of the different States have been tranſlated and publiſhed, and pains have been taken to lead *Europe* to believe, that the American States, not only made their own laws, but obeyed them; but the continuance of *popular aſſemblies*, convened expreſsly to *deliberate* on matters *proper* only for the *cognizance* of the *different legiſlatures* and *officers* of *government*, and *their proceeding*, not only to *ordain*, but *enforce their reſolutions*, has exceedingly LESSENED the *dignity* of the States in the eyes of theſe nations."

—

NEWPORT, (R. I.) Dec. 1.

By an arrival from New-Providence, we have received papers to the 13th ult.—Extracts follow.

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NASSAU, September 25.

Since our laſt, the following captured and detained Veſſels have arrived here:

Spaniſh Polacre Franciſco de Paulo, from Campeachy for Havanna, Prize to the Hero, Cockburn.

American Brig Swift, Sweſſin, Brig General Marſhall, alias, Ready Money, —— and Schooner Hannah, ——all from Baltimore for Havanna, brought in by the Lark, Tucker, under ſuſpicion of having Enemy's property on board.

Hamburgh Bark Peter and Wilhelm, from Havanna for Hamburgh, ſent in by the Plover, Newten, under ſuſpicion of having Enemy's property on board.

The American Schooner Neptune, Hitchcock, which left New-York for this Port the 7th of this month, on the 21ſt at ſunſet, got clear of Abaco, and while ſteering under a very eaſy ſail for this Port, at 11 o'clock the ſame evening, the wind blowing freſh from E. by N. ſtruck on the Samphire Reef near Eleuthera. The Veſſel is ſtranded. Conſiderable part of the Cargo, conſiſting of Horſes, Cattle, &c. is ſaved.

Bahama Iſlands, New-Providence.

BRIGANTINE HOPE.

Whereas his Worſhip the Judge of the Court of Vice Admiralty for the Bahama iſlands did, by a Decree under his Hand, and the ſeal of the ſaid Court, bearing date the 3d of Auguſt, 1798, made and given in a certain cauſe, intitled, "Stirrup of the Antelope, and Thurſton of the Collin, againſt the Brigantine Hope and Cargo," (amongſt other things therein contained) adjudge and direct, that the Brigantine Hope, which appears to have been a Bermuda built veſſel, and was ſome time ſince taken by a French Privateer and carried into Charleſton, where ſhe was ſold without having been condemned in any Court of Admiralty having competent Juriſdiction, and which was lately taken by the private veſſels of War the Antelope, Collin, and others, ſhould be ſold at public auction, and after paying to the Captors one ſixth part thereof, clear of all deductions as Salvage and all Expences, the Nett Proceeds thereof be lodged in the Regiſtry of the ſaid Court of Vice Admiralty: Notice is hereby given, that the ſaid Brigantine Hope has been ſold in Purſuance of the ſaid Decree, at Public Auction, for the Sum of One Thouſand Two Hundred Pounds Currency, and after deducting One ſixth Part thereof paid to the Captors as Salvage, and Commiſſions and other incidental Expences on the Sale thereof, the Nett Proceeds amounting to the Sum of Nine Hundred and Forty One Pounds and Eighteen Shillings, have been lodged in the Regiſtry of the ſaid Court; in order that ſuch perſon or perſons as was or were the owner or owners, or had any right, title or intereſt of, in, or to the ſaid Brigantine Hope, at the time ſhe was taken by a French Privateer and carried into Charleſton, and ſold as aforeſaid, may come and appear before his worſhip the Judge of ſaid Court of Vice Admiralty for the Bahama Iſlands, within Three Months from the Date hereof, and make known his or their Claim accordingly, and receive the benefit of the Recapture.

SLATER & LORD,
Agents for the Captors.

October 12.

The ſhip Pieter & Wilhelm, of Hamburgh, Lutji Peterſon, maſter, on her voyage from Havanna to Hamburg, was captured by the privateer Plover, and ſent into this port under ſuſpicion of having enemy's property on board. Upon examination, it appeared to the ſatisfaction of the captors, that both veſſel and cargo were neutral property The damages ſuſtained from the capture were therefore ſubmitted to the deciſion of merchants choſen for that purpoſe by the agents for the captors and the maſter of the Ship; who awarded the ſum of 380l to the Maſter, excluſive of port charges. The ſhip proceeded on her voyage on Wedneſday.

The following particulars reſpecting the late action between the Hero Privateer, Capt. Cockburn, and ſome Spaniſh Veſſels of War. are extracted from a Journal of one of the Hero's Officers.

Saturday, July 21, Toro Caſtle S. S. E. diſtant 2 leagues, light wind from E. N. E. at 3 P. M. ſhortened ſail. Next morning at 5 o'clock, ſaw ſeven ſail to the eaſtward. Made ſail and gave chace.

At 10 a large armed brig, carrying Spaniſh king's colours, bore down from the fleet on us, fired three guns, and then hauled her wind. At 1 P. M. brought to a Spaniſh merchant ſhip, took poſſeſſion, putting on board a prize maſter and ſeven men. From the hurry occaſioned by attending to a Spaniſh brig that had alſo ſurrendered, and the armed brig coming down again on us, had not time to remove the priſoners from the ſhip. A cloſe action commenced between the brig and us, which continued for nearly two hours, when the enemy ſtruck. A ſhip of the line, and two armed brigs, all carrying Spaniſh colours, were now approaching very near, which on the ſmoke clearing away, being ſeen by the people of the brig that had ſtruck, they made all ſail, and got off. At 5 P. M. ſpoke our prize ſhip, and ordered her to make all ſail. Bore down on an armed brig at ſome diſtance from the reſt, got up with and engaged her for upwards of half an hour, when the near approach of the two decker, and another brig, who fired ſeveral ſhot over us, compelled us to make off. During this day's ſevere buſineſs, we had one ſeaman killed, lieutenants Celly and Slaten and ſeven ſeamen wounded—Both the brigs we engaged were of ſuperior force to the Hero, ſhe carrying 16 ſix pounders and 77 men; one of the Spaniſh brigs carried 20 guns, the other 18, and both appeared full of men.

The brig General Capel, Lennon, a Britiſh Letter of Marque, from Philadelphia to Martinque, in lat. 22. 17. on the 18th of Auguſt laſt, early in the morning upſet in a ſquall. A French gentleman paſſenger and two ſeamen were drowned in the veſſel. The reſt of the people, 23 in number, including two paſſengers, got on the larboard ſide, and remained there for half an hour, when the maſts giving way, the veſſell righted. They then cut away two boats, got a few proviſions, and formed a raft of ſome ſpars. The captain and five others went in the ſmalleſt, the reſt in the other boat and on the raft. The firſt boat diſappeared the next day. The boat, attached to the raft, left it, after its being determined by lot which five ſhould remain on it, the boat being too ſmall to carry all. This boat got to Abaco, 22 days after, during which time one of the people died, and they were twelve days without proviſions. The ſecond mate James Jones, died at Abaco.—Three of the ſurvivors rambled from the reſt on that iſland; the others have been bro't here by one of the Harbour Iſland veſſels.

BOSTON, December 1.

GERMAN TRANSLATIONS.

TRANSLATED,

From "The ALTONA MERCURY," for the Columbian Centinel.

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RAGUSA, (in Dalmatia) Aug. 18.

On the 14th inſt. a French Corvette anchored here, the captain of which at firſt appeared very friendly and wiſhed to fraternize with us, as fellow-republicans; but ſoon after, he demanded, in the name of the French Commander in Chief of the Roman army, a loan of one hundred and ſixty thouſand dollars, to ſecure the payment of which, he offered to the Republic, the iſland of Corfu, [in the mouth of the Adriatic, formerly belonging to Venice.] This loan, it is feared, cannot be reſiſted; but the Republic has made a repreſentation on the ſubject, to the Grand Seignor, as the protector of the Republic, and waits its deciſion.

—

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 12.

Advices have been received from Cairo, of the date of the 28th of July. [It will be remembered, that in the French official Note to the council of five hundred, it was mentioned, that Buonaparte entered Cairo, the 23d of July.] The French troops were attacked before Cairo, by a horde of Arabs; who killed and wounded eight thouſand, and took two thouſand of the French; and were further menaced by a large body of Mamelukes. We further learn, that the French Conſul in Cairo, and his ſuite have been arreſted.

☞ This news is from good authority, but the Turks are in the habit of exaggerating their victories. [Note of the Altona Editor.]

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VIENNA, SEPT. 5.

It is now aſſerted that Prince Repnin will not have the command of the Ruſſian army, which is on its march, but that the commaud will be given to Prince Ferdinand of Wurtemburg. The Adjutant General of his Imperial Majeſty, baron Vincent has been ſent to meet the Ruſſian troops, and accompany them through the Auſtriun hereditary ſtates. At the ſame time a conſiderable Ruſſian corps, under the command of field marſhal Suwarrow will march into Turkey to reſtore tranquility there; while another army of Ruſſians, in conjunction with the Turks, will be employed againſt Buonaparte.

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Our Hamburg papers by the arrival this week, contain official accounts, viz. Conſtantinople, of the arrival at the Iſland of Rhodes, of four French ſhips, after the defeat of Breuyes, in Roſetta Bay;—which were immediately ſeized and declared lawful prize by the Pacha, in conſequence of orders from the Sublime Porte. [*Theſe ſhips, we imagine were the William Tell, and the Genereaux, of 74 guns, the Diana of 48, and La Juſtice, of 44 guns, which eſcaped from the naumachy ot the mouth of the Nile*] We muſt do juſtice to the authenticity of German newſpapers.

—

LONDON, October 2.

The French Directory are ſaid to have made propoſitions to Ruſſia and Auſtria, to effect the conqueſt of the Turkiſh Empire, and divide it between the three nations. If this be acceded to, the long projected revolution of Spain is to be achieved, without delay, by general Angerean, whoſe headquarters are now at Perpignan, who is only waiting for the concluſion of peace with Germany to enter the Spaniſh territory.

During the abſence of the Director Rewbell, at Plombieres, Barras is ſaid to have detected a plot, the object of which was to ſend him and his aſſociate La Reveillere Lepaux to Cayenne, to declare the three lawyers, Rewbell, Merlin, and Treilhard, perpetual Dictators until a general peace, and to ſuſpend the operation of the conſtitution, and conſequently to diſmiſs the Councils during the war. This diſcovery, it is reported, has made a great noiſe in the Directorial circles at Paris, and has accelerated the return of Rewbell, although its health is not perfectly re-eſtabliſhed. Tallerand and Ramel (the miniſter of France) are ſtated to have been inſerted in the liſt of intended proſcription. Barras, aſſiſted by Buonaparte (brother to the general) is reported to have gained over the two councils; and a new and ſerious ſtruggle between the contending factions is expected ſoon to take place.

The Swiſs inhabitants who had perſiſted in refuſing to take the oaths required by the the new ruling power, and had armed in their own defence, were defeated on the 9th ultimo, with great ſlaughter. The battle was obſtinately conteſted, and laſted from 5 o'clock in the morning till 6 in the evening.

NEW-YORK, December 5.

Extract of a letter from Meſſrs. Shaw & Co. at Cadiz, dated Sept. 18, '98.

"Admiral Earl St. Vincent, who has ſo long cut off every foreign communication with this port, has juſt ſignified his reſolution to admit the free ingreſs and egreſs of the trade of the United States to and from this city."

[The above extract we received from Mercantile Houſe of the firſt reſpectability, and may therefore be depended upon]

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WALPOLE, Nov. 19.

It appears that the fame and virtues of Waſhington are the theme of the world's panegyric. Among other honorable teſtimonies, we find that of Count Alfieri, a noble Piedmonteſe, and ſublime dramatic writer, whom the juſt taſte of his countrymen has ſaluted with the appellation of "the Shakeſpeare of Italy." This dignified and admirable author thus dedicates his tragedy of "Junius Brutus." "The name of him alone, who gave liberty to America, can ſanction the tragedy of the deliverer of Rome. To you, therefore, a citizen of ſingular fortune and deſert, I dedicate Junius Brutus, without reciting the praiſes due to you, for they are all included in your name. So brief a mention of you ought not to be deemed indirect adulation. I am perſonally unacquainted with you; and divided, as we are, by the immenſe ocean, we have but one motive immediately in common—the love of our country. Truly happy are you, who have eſtabliſhed a fame, ſuch as yours, on a baſis firm and eternal; the love of your country proved by your actions. For myſelf, I have abandoned my native ſoil, purely for the ſake of writing with ardor on the ſubject of liberty. By ſuch a ſacrifice, I flatter myſelf, I have demonſtrated what my patriotiſm would have proved, had I been deſtined to a country, worthy of my ſentiments. On this conſideration alone, I aſpire to the honor of uniting to the name of WASHINGTON that of VITTORIO ALFIERI."

Gazette Marine Liſt.

Port of Philadelphia.

ARRIVED,

Brig Fame, Thomas, St. Croix,	26
Enterprize, Longdon, Jamiaca,	49
Schooner Fanny Allen, Virginia,	5
Sloop Riſing Sun, Addiſon, Virginia,	12

At the POINT, laſt evening,

Ship India, Aſhmead, Iſle of France,	110
Britiſh Letter of Marque Favorite, ——, Liverpool,	45

The Iris, T. Nelſon, of Baltimore, for Liverpool; Polaſki, Shoemaker, of and for New-York; Waſhington, Foſter. of Baltimore, for Liverpool; Paulina, Freeman, of Biddeford, for Philadelphia;—ſailed from Hamburg in company with the Hope, arrived at New-London the 30 ult. in 42 days.

Left at Hamburg, brig James, Gemmeny, to ſail 19 Oct. for Phila. John & Joſeph, Clark, for Baltimore, in 30 days. 4 Friends, Hubbard, for Phila, 13 days; brig George, M'Call, for ditto; brig Betſey, Chatfield, for Baltimore, in 4 days—and a number of others.

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,

SATURDAY EVENING, *DECEMBER* 8.

President's Speech.

This Day, at 12 o'clock, The PRESIDENT of the UNITED STATES met both Houses of Congress in the Representatives' Chamber, and delivered the following Speech:

Gentlemen of the Senate and
Gentlemen of the House of Representatives,

WHILE with reverence and resignation we contemplate the dispensations of Divine Providence, in the alarming and destructive pestilence, with which, several of our cities and towns have been visited, there is cause for gratitude and mutual congratulations, that the malady has disappeared and that we are again permitted to assemble in safety, at the Seat of Government, for the discharge of our important duties. But when we reflect that this fatal disorder has within a few years made repeated ravages in some of our principal sea ports, and with increased malignancy, and when we consider the magnitude of the evils, arising from the interruption of public and private business, whereby the National Interests are deeply affected; I think it my duty to invite the Legislature of the Union to examine the expediency of establishing suitable regulations, in aid of the health laws of the respective States; for these being formed on the idea, that contagious sickness may be communicated thro' the channels of commerce, there seems to be a necessity, that Congress, who alone can regulate trade, should frame a system, which, while it may tend to preserve the General Health, may be compatible with the interests of commerce and the safety of the revenue.

WHILE we think on this calamity and sympathize with the immediate sufferers, we have abundant reason to present to the Supreme Being our annual oblations of gratitude for a liberal participation in the ordinary blessings of his providence. To the usual subjects of gratitude, I cannot omit to add one of the first importance to our well being and safety; I mean that spirit which has arisen in our country, against the menaces and aggression of a Foreign Nation.—A manly sense of National Honor, Dignity, and Independence has appeared, which if encouraged and invigorated by every branch of the Government, will enable us to view undismayed, the enterprizes of any Foreign Power, and become the sure foundation of national prosperity and glory.

THE course of the transactions in relation to the United States and France, which have come to my knowledge during your recess, will be made the subject of a future communication. That communication will confirm the ultimate failure of the measures which have been taken by the Government of the United States towards an amicable adjustment of differences with that Power. You will at the same time perceive, that the French Government appears solicitous to impress the opinion, that it is averse to a rupture with this country, and that it has in a qualified manner, declared itself willing to receive a Minister from the United States, for the purpose of restoring a good understanding. It is unfortunate for professions of this kind, that they should be expressed in terms, which may countenance the inadmissible pretension of a right to prescribe the qualifications which a Minister from the United States should possess, and that while France is asserting the existence of a disposition on her part to conciliate with sincerity the differences which have arisen, the sincerity of a like disposition on the part of the United States, of which so many demonstrative proofs have been given, should even be indirectly questioned. It is also worthy of observation that the decree of the Directory alledged to be intended to restrain the depredations of French cruisers on our commerce, has not given and cannot give any relief; it enjoins them to conform to all the laws of France relative to cruizing and prizes, while these laws are, themselves the sources of the depredations of which we have so long, so justly and so fruitlessly complained.

THE law of France enacted in January last, which subjects to capture and condemnation neutral vessels and their cargoes, if any portion of the latter are of British fabric or produce, although the entire property belong to neutrals, instead of being rescinded, has lately received a confirmation, by the failure of a proposition for its repeal. While this law, which is an unequivocal act of war on the commerce of the nations it attacks, continues in force, those nations can see in the French Government only a power, regardless of their essential rights, of their Independence and Sovereignty, and if they possess the means, they can reconcile nothing with their interest and honor, but a firm resistance.

HITHERTO therefore nothing is discoverable in the conduct of France, which ought to change or relax our measures of defence—on the contrary to extend and invigorate them is our true policy. We have no reason to regret, that these measures have been thus far adopted and pursued, and in proportion as we enlarge our view of the portentous and incalculable situation of Europe, we shall discover new and cogent motives for the full developement of our energies and resources.

BUT in demonstrating by our conduct that we do not fear war in the necessary protection of our rights and honor, we shall give no room to infer that we abandon the desire of peace. An efficient preparation for war can alone insure peace. It is peace that we have uniformly and perseveringly cultivated, and harmony between us and France may be restored at her option.—But to send another minister, without more determinate assurances that he would be received, would be an act of humiliation, to which the United States ought not to submit. It must therefore be left to France, if she is indeed desirous of accommodation, to take the requisite steps. The United States will steadily observe the maxims by which they have hitherto been governed. They will respect the sacred rights of Embassy. And with a sincere disposition on the part of France to desist from hostility, to make reparation for the injuries heretofore inflicted on our commerce, and to do justice in future, there will be no obstacle to the restoration of a friendly intercourse. In making to you this declaration I give a pledge to France and the world that the Executive authority of this country still adheres to the humane and pacific policy which has invariably governed its proceedings in conformity with the wishes of the other branches of the government and of the people of the United States. But considering the late manifestations of her policy towards foreign nations, I deem it a duty deliberately and solemnly to declare my opinion, that whether we negotiate with her or not, vigorous preparations for war will be alike indispensible. These alone will give to us an equal treaty, and ensure its observance.

AMONG the measures of preparation, which appear expedient, I take the liberty to recall your attention to the Naval establishment. The beneficial effects of the small naval armament, provided under the acts of the last session, are known and acknowledged.—Perhaps no country ever experienced more sudden and remarkable advantages from any measure of policy, than we have derived from the arming for our maritime protection and defence. We ought, without loss of time, to lay the foundation for an encrease of our navy to a size sufficient to guard our coast and protect our trade. Such a naval force, as it is doubtless in the power of the United States to create and maintain, would also afford to them the best means of general defence, by facilitating the safe transportation of troops and stores to every part of our extensive coast. To accomplish this important object, a prudent foresight requires that systematical measures be adopted for procuring at all times, the requisite timber and other supplies. In what manner this shall be done I leave to your consideration.

I WILL now advert, gentlemen, to some matters of less moment, but proper to be communicated to the National Legislature.

AFTER the Spanish garrisons had evacuated the posts they occupied at the Natchez and Walnut Hills, the Commissioner of the United States commenced his observations, to ascertain the point near the Mississippi, which terminated the northernmost part of the thirty-first degree of north latitude. From thence he proceeded to run the boundary line between the United States and Spain. He was afterwards joined by the Spanish Commissioner. when the work of the former was confirmed; and they proceeded together to the demarkation of the line. Recent information renders it probable, that the Southern Indians, either instigated to oppose the demarkation, or jealous of the consequences of suffering white people to run a line over lands, to which the Indian title had not been extinguished, have, ere this time, stopped the progress of the Commissioners. And considering the mischiefs which may result from continuing the demarkation, in opposition to the will of the Indian tribes, the great expense attending it, and that the boundaries which the Commissioners have actually established, probably extend at least as far as the Indian title has been extinguished, it will perhaps become expedient and necessary to suspend further proceedings by recalling our Commissioner.

THE Commissioners appointed in pursuance of the fifth article of the treaty of amity, commerce and navigation, between the United States and his Britannic Majesty, to determine what river was truly intended under the name of the river St. Croix, mentioned in the Treaty of Peace, and forming a part of the boundary therein described, have finally decided that question. One the twenty-fifth of October, they made their declaration that a river called Scodiac, which falls into Passamaquoddy Bay, at its north-western quarter, was the true St. Croix intended in the Treaty of Peace, as far as its great fork, where one of its streams comes from the westward and the other from the northward, and that the latter stream is the continuation of the St. Croix to its source, This decision, it is understood, will preclude all contention among individual claimants, as it seems that the Schoodiac and its northern branch, bound the grants of lands which have been made by the respective adjoining governments. A subordinate question however, it has been suggested, still remains to be determined. Between the mouth of the St. Croix, as now settled, and what is usually called the Bay of Fundy, lie a number of valuable Islands. The Commissioners have not continued the boundary lines through any channel of these Islands, and unless the Bay of Passamaquoddy be a part of the Bay of Fundy, this further adjustment of boundary will be necessary. But it is apprehended that this will not be a matter of any difficulty.

SUCH progress has been made in the examination and decision of cases, of captures and condemnations of American vessels which were the subject of the seventh article of the Treaty of Amity, Commerce and Navigation, between the United States and Great-Britain—that it is supposed the Commissioners will be able to bring their business to a conclusion, in August of the ensuing year.

THE Commissioners acting under the twenty-fifth Article of the Treaty between the United States and Spain, have adjusted most of the claims of our citizens, for losses sustained in consequence of their vessels and cargoes having been taken by the subjects of his Catholic Majesty, during the late war between France and Spain.

VARIOUS circumstances have concurred to delay the execution of the Law for augmenting the Military Establishment. Among these, the desire of obtaining the fullest information to direct the best selection of officers. As this object will now be speedily accomplished, it is expected that the raising and organizing of the troops will proceed without obstacle and with effect.

Gentlemen of the House of Representatives,

I HAVE directed an estimate of the appropriations which will be necessary for the service of the ensuing year, to be laid before you, accompanied with a view of the Public Receipts and Expenditures to a recent period. It will afford you satisfaction to infer the great extent and solidity of the public resources from the prosperous state of the Finances, notwithstanding the unexampled embarrassments which have attended commerce. When you reflect on the conspicuous examples of patriotism and liberality, which have been exhibited by our mercantile fellow-citizens, and how great a proportion of the public resources depends on their enterprize, you will naturally consider whether their convenience cannot be promoted and reconciled with the security of the revenne by a revision of the system by which the collection is at present regulated.

DURING your recess, measures have been steadily pursued for effecting the valuations and returns, directed by the act of the last session, preliminary to the assessment and collection of a direct tax.—No other delays or obstacles have been experienced, except such as were expected to arise from the great extent of our country, and the magnitude and novelty of the operation, and enough has been accomplished to assure a fulfillment of the views of the Legislatnre.

Gentlemen of the Senate, and
Gentlemen of the House of Representatives.

I CANNOT close this address, without once more adverting to our political situation and inculcating the essential importance of uniting in the maintenance of our dearest interests; and I trust, that by the temper and wisdom of your proceedings, and by a harmony of measures, we shall secure to our country that weight and respect, to which it is so justly entitled.

JOHN ADAMS.

FRUITS OF FRENCH "DIPLOMATIC SKILL."

The *apparent* Diplomatic train of the French Government in this country, though numerous beyond all precedent or plea of necessity,—has composed but a small part of her active and direct agency here. Volney, Lachaise, and an hundred other spies have been unremittingly engaged in preparing the remote and unorganized parts of this country, for a revolt from the Union, and a subjection to France. This revolt has at length been brought about in the state of Kentucky.

One Garrard, who seems to be Governor of the state, appears to have been the first mover in this ambitious project. In his speech to the Legislature he tells them, they have a right to censure the general government. This interference of his *important* state, he assums to be now called for—the Federal Legislature having violated the constitution, by vesting the President with high and dangerous powers, and intrenching upon the prerogatives of the individual states. After falsely asserting that an uncommon agitation of mind has been created by these measures in different parts of the United States, this *Governor* proceeds in the following most atrocious strain of misrepresentation and falsehood.

"The "Act concerning Aliens," is calculated to produce effects most strongly marked with injustice and oppression, because the exercise of the power given therein, depends upon the discretion, or I may say, the caprice of an individual. Nothing but a general prevalence of hypocrisy among that numerous class of persons on whom this law is meant to operate, can prevent consequences so much to be deprecated;—for they must affect an approbation of all the measures of government, whatever be their genuine sentiments concerning them, or by an honest disclosure of their real opinion, expose themselves to be ruined by banishment, on the secret representations of some interested and officious informer, and without enjoying even the shadow of that trial by jury so dear to freemen. Nor can the same law be regarded as any thing less than an artful, though effectual evasion of the provisions of that article of the Federal Constitution which withholds from congress the power of prohibiting the migration as well as importation of such persons as the states then existing should think proper to admit, a provision of the highest importance to those states, whose population is not full, and who have a strong interest in welcoming the industrious stranger from every part of the world.

"Another law, the operation of which is more extensive as it respects the individual, is entitled "An act in addition to the act, entitled An act for the punishment of certain crimes against the United States," which by fencing round the different branches of Government in their official capacity, with penal terrors, in a manner before unknown, hath created a new crime against the United States, in a case where an interference on the part of the Legislature was rendered unconstitutional, by that clause which forbids the enacting of any law abridging the freedom of speech or of the press."

Here follows a passage too weak and contemptible to merit much attention:

"Other causes, no doubt have contributed to the uneasiness which has disturbed the public mind:—for whilst the advancing condition of our agriculture and population,—the ample, though not profuse state of our crops, and the promising prospects disclosed of a foreign market, strongly indicate our present prosperity, and afford well grounded expectations of future greatness,—and open abundant scope for the exercise of the most grateful feelings towards the ruler of the universe; a War, horrible in its nature and ruinous in its consequences, hangs over us:—a War by which we cannot possibly gain any advantages, but may loose every thing that is valued by freemen:—and if by our united exertions, and the favor of a kind providence we may be so fortunate as to maintain our independence; it will be at all events, at an expence under which we, and our posterity must groan, and in consequence of which we may be rendered unable to encounter hereafter more formidable evils than any with which we are at present threatened."

This abominable speech, distinguished no less by the depravity of its sentiments, than the most desperate folly produced forthwith the following daring resolution, viz.

"That the several states composing the United States of America, are not united on the principle of unlimited submission to their General Government; but that by compact under the style and title of a constitution for the United States and of amendments thereto, they constituted a General Government for special purposes, delegated to that Government certain definite powers, reserving each state to itself, the residuary mass of right to their own self Government; and that whensoever the General Government assumes undelegated powers, its acts are unauthoritative, void and of no force: that to this compact each state acceded as a state, and is an integral party, its co-states forming as to itself, the other party. That this Commonwealth does therefore call on its Co-states for an expression of their sentiments on the acts concerning Aliens, and for the punishment of certain crimes herein before specified, plainly declaring whether these acts are or are not authorised by the Federal Compact? and that the Co-states recurring to their natural right in cases not made federal, will concur in declaring these acts void and of no force, and will each unite with this Commonwealth in requesting their repeal at the next session of Congress."

The name of the solitary Gentleman (Mr. MURRAY) who had the courage to oppose these detestable proceedings, merits the most conspicuous distinction. To do this, it seems, must have required not a little firmness—for a gentleman in Lexington who had written in terms of reprobation against the lawless and turbulent measures of these daring demagogues, is publicly threatened in terms by no means equivocal, with exemplary vengeance.

Ship Cassius at Auction.

On MONDAY next, the 10th instant, at six o'clock in the evening, will be sold by auction, at the merchant's coffee house—

The ship Cassius,

lying at the navy-yard, with her mast, yards, as they now are, sails, as per inventory, which will be produced at the time of sale; anchors, rigging, and cable, as they now lay at Smith's stores above Race street. This ship is copper bolted, and coppered up to light-water mark.

This ship is a fast sailer and is pierced for 18 guns.

FOOTMAN & Co. auctioneers.

dec 8 tm

To the Creditors of the Subscribers.

PLEASE TO TAKE NOTICE, that we have applied to the judges of the Court of Common Pleas, for the benefit of an act of assembly, passed the fourth day of April last; and they have appointed THURSDAY the 27th inst. to hear us and our Creditors, in the city of Philadelphia, at such place where the Court may be held, and where you may attend if you please.

PATRICK CAVANAUGH,
JAMES DOUGHERTY,
PETER G. ROWE,
JOHN GREENE,
LEWIS D GRIFF,
JAMES M'CULLEY

dec. 8. 3taw 3w

Bank of North Ameriea.

THE Stockholders are hereby notified, that an Election for twelve Directors, for the ensuing year, will be held at the Bank on Monday, the 14th of January next, at ten o'clock.

RICHARD WELLS, Cash'r.

Dec. 8, 1798. dtEl

Ten Dollars Reward.

STOP THE RUNAWAY.

ON Monday the 3d instant, ran away from the subscriber, at Woodbury, in the county of Glocester and state of New-Jersey, a NEGRO BOY, named PETER, about 17 years old, about 5 feet 5 inches high; had on when he went away a light broad cloth coat, and an old pair of linen trowsers. He was formerly a slave to George Hazard of Sussex county in the state of Delaware, and was in July 1796, by him bound to Wm. Clark, of Philadelphia, for 14 years, he afterwards was owned by Peter Grahl and George Dechamps, in the same year, and in 1798, he became the proper of Stephen Sayre of Bordenton.

Any person returning the said Negro to his master, or securing him so that he may be had, shall have the above reward, and all reasonable charges paid by

JAMES B. CALDWELL.

Woodburry, 6th Dec. 1798.

N B. The said boy has also the mark of a ring on one of his forefingers. He was seen in the streets of Philadelphia last Thursday morning. 7eoat

CORDAGE.

Philadelphia, dec. 5, 1798.

To be Sold by Public Auction,
ON TUESDAY MORNING,
the 11th instant, at 10 o'clock.
At the Stores of Mr. Peter Blight, on south street wharf,

A Quantity of Cordage,
of the following description,
(quite new)

1 cable, 13 inches, 120 fathoms
4 do. 7 do. do. do.
3 coils 4 do. rope
1 do. 3 1-2 do. do.
2 do. ratline
2 do. spun-yarn

Also, 119 yards second hand canvass

Approved notes, at 60 days, will be received in payment. FOOTMAN & Co Auct'rs

THE PARTNERSHIP OF

HALLOWELL & RHOADS

BEING this day dissolved by mutual consent, all persons having demands against said Firm, are desired to bring in their accounts for settlement, and those who are indebted are requested to make immediate payment to Samuel Rhoads, who is authorized to receive the same.

E. HALLOWELL
SAMUEL RHOADS.

dec. 1 §

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of JOHN BETZ, late of Southwark, baker, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment; and those having any demands against said Estate, to forward their accounts, properly attested, for settlement, to

CHRISTIAN BETZ, Administrator,
no 135, Mulbery-street.
Philadelphia, december 3, 1798

FOR SALE,

BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
14 four pound Cannon, different lengths,
5 Carronades.

JOHN NIXON & CO.

December 1. §

THE CREDITORS OF

JOSEPH THOMAS,

ARE earnestly requested to meet at the CITY-TAVERN, on Saturday next, at six o'clock in the evening, on business to them of the utmost importance.

dec. 5.

240

1012 vol 19

IMPORTED,
From Hamburgh, Bremen, and London
AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
An assortment of German Linens,
CONSISTING OF
Ticklenburgs
Osnaburgs
Weser linen
Checks and strives
Bielefeld linen
Brown silesias
Silesia lowns
Siamois, &cs &c.
150 Boxes of Claret.
5 Boxes of hollow glass ware
12 casks of Russia bristles
ALSO ON HAND,
1 Box of Irish Linens.
1 Trunk silk goods
1 Box of Gingham,
And a complete assortment of
English Buttons.
Erich & Lewis Bollman,
No. 106, Spruce street.
november 19 &10t

Smith & Rodman,
No. 49, South Front street,
Have just received per the William Penn, *and* Jane, *from* LONDON, Diana *and* Thomas *from* LIVERPOOL, *and* Kingston, *from* HULL,
A LARGE & GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF
DRY GOODS,
AMONG WHICH ARE
Plain, twill'd and striped Coatings
Fine white and red Welsh Flannels
Do. yellow and scarlet do.
Superfine and low priced 5-4, 6-4, 7-4, cloths of all colors
Plains and Halfthicks
Forest and Hunter Cloths
Green and Red Drapery Baize
Do. 5-4, 6-4, and 7-4, do
Red & green Bocking do.
Swansdowns & Toilanetts
Rose, Point and Duffill Blankets
Superfine London Cassimeres of the newest and most fashionable colors
Low priced Yorkshire do.
Plain and striped Callimancoes
Joan Spinnings & Durants
Rattinetts & Shalloons
Norwich Camblets, for Cloaks
Bombazetts and Black Crapes
Plain & striped Widbores
Worsted, Yarn & Cotton Hose
Men and Boys Woollen Mittens
7-8 bleach'd Irish Dowlas
3-4 brown Irish Linen
9-8 white and brown Irish Sheetings
Flaxen & Tow Oznaburgh in bales
Drogheda & Irish Silesias
7-8 and yard-wide Irish Linens
Printed Callicoes & Chintzes
Printed Linen and border'd Handkerchiefs
Cotton & Callicoe Check,
Thread Edgings & Lace
Men's Beaver Gloves
Pins in small cases
Holland Tapes & Bobbins
Thicksets and Corduroys
Hunting and fancy Cords
Velvets and Velvetteens
Black and olive Cottonades
With a variety of other Articles on hand, for sale on the most reasonable terms for cash or the usual credit.
Nov. 6 tu,th&sa,tf

Just Imported,
A quantity of salt-peire, refined
Gun powder F and double sealed battle
Cannon, 4 and 6 pounders
London porter and Burton Beer
Mustard squares, 4 ounces
Best Durham mustard
Ginghams, subject to drawback
All of which will be sold on moderate terms by
HENRY DAVIES, junr.
No. 93, south Second street, opposite the city tavern.
nov. 9 mw&f tf

FOR SALE,
By GEORGE PLUMSTED,
No. 166, SOUTH FRONT STREET.
250 whole Tierces } RICE.
100 half do. }
35 Boxes white Havanna Sugars, entitled to drawback
2,000 pieces Nankeens, do. do.
Anchors weighing 17cwt. and 26cwt.
160 boxes containing tea setts of China
35 boxes of blue and white table setts of do.
ALSO,
Boxes containing breakfast, coffee and evening cups and saucers; tea pots, cream pots, sugar dishes, pint bowls, custard cups, flat and soup plates and dishes.
Young Hyson Tea
Fans
Cassia.
nov. 23 3taw2w

GEORGE DAVIS'S
LAW-BOOK STORE,
No. 319 HIGH STREET,
Latest London & Irish Editions.
GEORGE DAVIS's Fall importation is now arranged of which a more capital collection he believes was never offered for sale either in this City, London or Dublin. It combines almost every book in, with several valuable books out of print. Davis's confining himself to the sale of Law-Books only, it will appear obvious to professional Gentlemen, the advantages they have both in selection and price by purchasing from him.
His Catalogues being ready, gentlemen will particularly oblige him by calling for them—and to those residing at a distance, by favoring him with their address (post-paid) they shall be sent.
nov 26 m&th2m

Mrs. Spurrier,
MIDWIFE,
From the city of London lying-in Hospital,
EMBRACES this opportunity of returning her sincere thanks to those ladies whom she has had the honor to attend, and most respectfully informs them and her other friends that she has removed to south Sixth street two doors from Chesnut street, opposite Congress Hall, where she flatters herself by careful attention to the duties of her profession to merit their future favors.
nov 28 ¶w&sa.1m

ALL PERSONS,
HAVING claims against the ESTATE OF *SUSANNAH LOCKYER*, deceased, are requested to present their respective accounts to
NATHAN A. SMITH, } *Acting*
OR
JOHN DORSEY, } *Executors.*
A LEASE OF THE HOUSE
Lately occupied by *Susannah Lockyer*, together *with THE STOCK OF GOODS,*
Are to be disposed of——Time will be given for the latter on un-exceptionable security.
nov 9 3aw6w

R. TAYLOR,
MUSIC PROFESSOR,
NO. 96, NORTH SIXTH-STREET,
RESPECTFULLY informs the Public that he continues to teach Ladies the *Piano Forte* as usual.
Nov. 6. tuthsa

JOHN SHIELDS,
BROKER,
Embraces this opportunity to present his thanks to his fellow-citizens for their past favors and acquaints them that he is returned from Chesnut Hill, *to his former residence, the House No.* 22 Chesnut *between* Front *and* Second *street,*
WHERE he holds himself ready to execute their commands in every branch of his profession, trusting that from a residence in this city of 35 years he has it in his power to render them essential service, assuring them that his commission shall be as low as any in Town.
Lotts, Lands, Houses, Vessels, Certificates of every description and Bills of Exchange, bought and sold, the dockets carefully examined and clear titles made upon the shortest notice, by the public's humble servant,
John Shields.
☞ Good negotiable Notes discounted at a low premium.
november 7 32wtf

Just Imported,
Iron cannon, double fortified, Woolwich proof, with their carriages complete—3, 4, 6 and 9 pounders.
Carronades, Woolwich proof, with carriages, &c. complete—12, 18 and 24 pounders.
Cannon powder in kegs of 25lbs. each
Round, double-headed, and canister shot
Patent sheathing copper, bright, assorted 18, 20, 22, 24, 26 and 28 or per square foot, sheets 48 by 14 inches, suitable for vessels from 100 to 1000 tons
Copper nails, bolts and spikes
Boarding Pikes,
Common cutlasses
Gunners stores of all kinds
Tin-plates No 1—1-3 cross boxes
Patent shot in casks of 5cwt. each
London porter and brown stout, in casks of 7 doz. bottled.
Earthen ware in crates, assorted
For Sale by
SIMON WALKER,
Pine near 5th street.
October 29. co.tf

CHARLES CAMPBELL,
WATCH-MAKER.
HAS removed to the Shop formerly occupied by Mr. *John Wood*, No. 55, corner of Front and Chesnut-streets; where he will thankfully receive and execute orders with neatness and dispatch
HE HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND,
A Neat and Large Assortment of
Clocks & Watches.
WANTED,
A JOURNEYMAN;
ALSO, one or two Apprentices of respectable parents.
FOR SALE,
A large quantity of Watch Glasses
Wholesale and Retail.
nov 24 32wtf

Hats & Holiery.
WILLIAM M'DOUGALL,
AT HIS STORE,
No. 134, MARKET STREET,
HAS JUST OPENED, in addition to his former stock, a very extensive assortment of Men's, Women's, and Children's Hats, and all kinds of Stockings—particularly a quantity of Aberdeen knit Hose, suitable for the present season.
nov. 23 eotm

EPHRAIM CLARK,
CLOCK & WATCH MAKER,
Corner of Front and Market streets, Philadelphia,
HAS JUST RECEIVED,
BY the different arrivals, a large supply of Clock and Watch makers and Silver Smiths Tools, files and materials,
CONSISTING OF
Rowling Mills, large and small Bench and Hand Vices, Turnbenches, Plyers, Sliding Tongs; Braces and Bitts, Grooving tools, Saws, Scratch brushes, Blow pipes, Screw and Draw plates, large and small Hammers, Clock dials, cast brass Bells, forged work and pinions, Emery, Rotten stone, Pumice stone, Borax, Spelter Sorder, Brass, Steel and Iron wire, sheet Brass, main springs and glasses gold, gilt, and steel chains, seals and keys, &c. &c.
☞ Clocks and Watches carefully repaired
nov. 21 eodtf

Notice is hereby Given,
THAT application will be made at the Treasury of the United States for the renewal of the following certificates of Six per Cents, funded debt—standing in the name of *Robert Wilson* of Calcutta in Bengal, Surgeon in the service of the honorable United Company of merchants of England trading to the East-Indies, which were lost from on board the Swallow-Packet, capt Kidd, from Falmouth to New-York.
Dolls. Cts.
No 10,444, Reg. office 14th Dec.
1793, one certificate for 1732 33
No 10,478, Reg. office 17th Dec.
1793, one certificate for 1959 50
Elliston & John Perot.
nov 13 eod6w

WHEREAS the certificate of two shares of the Bank of the United States in the name of *Samuel Amory*, of London, banker, No. 3182, issued in lieu of 11593, 11594, were forwarded from London by the British packet Countess, of Leicester, capt. Dodd, bound for New-York, which packet was captured by the French, and the said certificate lost; and for the renewal of which, application is made at said Bank, and all persons concerned are desired to take notice.
CLEMENT BIDDLE.
Phila. Oct. 26, 1798. eo6w

Patent Ploughs,
TO be sold for cash by Joseph Salter at Atsion Richard Wells, Cooper's Ferry—Jonathan Harker, Woodbury—and Jesse Evans, Lumberton, Those who have used them give them the preference to any other kind, as they require less team, break the ground better, are kept in order at less expence and are sold at a cheaper rate—the plan is much simplified and consists of but one piece of cast iron, with the handles and beam of wood; they may be fixed with wrought lays and coulters to be put on with screws and taken off at pleasure.
Patent rights for vending with instructions for making them may be had by applying to John Newbold, or the subscriber No. 212 North Front-street.
Who has for Sale;
Or to Lease for a term of Years,
A number of valuable tracts of Land, well situated for Mills, Iron Works or Farms, mostly improved, lying chiefly in the county of Huntingdon state of Pennsylvania. Those who may incline to view them will please to apply to John Canan esq. near Huntingdon.
Charles Newbold.
july 17 32wtf

IMPORTED
In the last arrivals from Bremen, Hamburg and Amsterdam,
AND FOR SALE,
AT REASONABLE PRICES AND ON A LIBERAL CREDIT, BY
PRATT & KINTZING,
No. 95, North Water street.
215 bales & boxes Ticklenburghs, hempen lineus and oznabrigs from 1/5 to 3/ per ell
70 do. bleached and brown hessians
40 do. brown rolls suitable for coffee bags
20 do. strong do. do. for cotton do.

30 chests platillas	2 do. sealing-wax
3 do. dowlas	3 packages oil-cloth
30 do. creas a la Morlaix	4 do. fall-twine
12 do. espapilles	1 do. watches
15 do. Bielefield linen	14 pipes Port wine
90 do. patterbornes	92 cases claret
45 do Brittanias	130 do fine long corked claret
1 do. Holland canvass	1600 bushels fine salt
1 do. Russia do.	40 casks of roll brimstone
3 do. Russia sheetings	100 casks of naval stores.
1 do. ravens duck	50 logs prime mahogany
2 do Russia drillens	4 hhds. coffee mills
1 do. brown holland	6 bundles German steel
2 do. Silesia rouans	10 chests of slates and pencils
1 do. Wahrendrop linen	A package of skates
1 do. Caraudoles	A do. woollen caps, &c.
1 do. Flemish linens	4 chests of Nurenberg toys
1 do. cambricks and lawns	40 kegs of yellow ochre
1 do diapers	3 hhds. Glue
12 do. stripes	8 barrels of Lentiles
18 do. checks	5 chests of prime red crust Holland cheese
2 do. hamms	30 kegs of pearl barley
1 do. Arabia stripe	60 boxes of capers
1 do. bunting for colors	400 sides of upper and sole leather
1 packa. Madras handkerchiefs	300 boxes window glass
1 do. Turkey yarn	800 Demijohns
6 bales empty bags	50 boxes glass tumblers assorted
1 chest hair ribband	2 hhds. pumice stone
3 boxes tapes, assorted	1 box of mill saws
2 do. bobbin, assorted	1 cask of cutlery
1 box threads & tapes	A quantity of stone jugs and pickling pots
1 do. fine blue ilstados	A few ships anchors, &c.
5 chests men's slippers	
3 do. bed ticks	
2 casks hog's bristles	
6 chests writing paper	
4 do. quills	

november 12 tu&f tf

To be Sold,
OR EXCHANGED,
For property in the City, or within Thirty miles of it,
A VALUABLE PLANTATION,
IN Tuscorora Valley, Mifflin county, containing about three hundred acres, the whole capable of cultivation. At present there is about 50 acres cleared, 20 of which is a rich bottom of Meadow Ground, enriched by a never failing stream, that has fall and water enough for all the purposes of a Country Mill. For further information apply at No. 68, Market street.
november 20 taw

FOR SALE,
Fifty Acres of Good Land,
LYING IN GLOUCESTER COUNTY,
State of New-Jersey,
TWENTY-FOUR acres of which are Woodland, the rest, Meadow. This land lies about half a mile from Timber-Creek, and two miles from the river Delaware, the county road passing through it, and the great road only two miles distant. For terms, apply to,
PATRICK DOGHERTY,
Sign of the Rainbow, in Shippen, between Second and Third-streets.
dec 4 ¶tuth&s2w

ADVERTISEMENT.
TODD & MOTT,
Of the City of Philadelphia, Merchants, having assigned over their effects, real, personal, and mixed, to the subscribers for the benefit of all their Creditors—
Notice is hereby Given,
TO all persons who are indebted to the said estate, that they are required to make immediate payment of their respective accounts to either of the assignees, in failure whereof, legal measures will be taken for the recovery of such debts as are not discharged without delay.
John Waddington
John Rhodes } Assignees.
John Allen.
nov. 26 tu.th&satF1

ALL PERSONS,
HAVING demands against the Estate of HENRY SCHAFFER, deceased, late of the City of Philadelphia, Master and Shopkeeper are requested to furnish their accounts properly authenticated and all persons indebted to said Estate are desired to make speedy payment to
CASPAR W. HAINES, } *administrators.*
FREDERICK GAUL, }
11th mo. 13 ¶2aw3w

Mails for South-Carolina & Georgia,
PACKETS are now provided for carrying the Public mails by water between Philadelphia and Charleston. They will leave Philadelphia on Friday's. The post by land will be continued twice a week until an experiment is made in regard to the expedition and regularity of the packets. If any person chuses to have their letters sent by land only, they will please to write the word *Land* upon the letters: otherwise they will be sent by that conveyance which will first start after the letters are left in the post-office.
Joseph Habersham,
Post-Master General.
Philadelphia, August 13, 1798. §

Notice is hereby given,
THAT application will be made to the treasury of the United States for the renewal of the following certificates of six per cents. funded debts, standing the name of *Jane Gabrielle Rigaud*, of Geneva, which were lost from on board the Swallow Packet, Capt. Kidd, from Falmouth to New-York.
Dolls.
No. 3195. Reg. office 19th May '95, 1 cert. for 1000.
13,181. do. 14th do. do. 1 do. for 3500
Willings & Francis.
October 24. eod6w.

FOR SALE.
Rice, in whole and half Tierces.
Sherry, and } WINES.
Teneriffe }
Carolina and Georgia Indigo.
AND A PARCEL OF
Shipping Furs and Skins.
Apply to
N. & J. Frazier,
No. 95, So. Front Street.
november 13 3taw3w

FOR SALE, VERY CHEAP,
A Quantity of printed Paper, suitable for Grocers, Tobacconists, &c. Enquire of the Printer.
nov 20 4t

Samuel & Miers Fisher,
No. 27, DOCK-STREET.
Have received per the MORNING STAR, *from Teneriffe,*
Good Cargo Wine,
In Pipes, Hogsheads and Quarter Casks
Per the PALLAS, from Hamburgh,
German Oznabrigs & Ticklenburgs.
And by the late arrivals from London, Liverpool, Bristol, Hull *and* Dublin,
A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF
WOOLEN GOODS,
PRINCIPALLY ON CONSIGNMENT.
Which they are desirous of selling by the Package, in which are separately made up—the following articles on low terms;
Rose Blankets, 6-4, to 10-4
2 1/2 & 3 point blankets
Mottled and green Rugs 6-4 to 8-4
Mixt and drab Forrest cloths, sorted
Fearnoughts
Blue Plains
Blue, mixt and drab plains, sorted prices
Mixt, twill'd, striped and blue coatings, do
Blue, mixt and brown kersey duffals, sorted colors and prices
Mill'd drab Broadcloths, sorted prices
Blue Broadcloths, do
Low priced Broadcloths, colors neatly sorted
Swansdown, striped and printed Kerseymeres
Mixed and sorted colored Kerseymeres
Neat super and superfine cloths, Elastics and Beveretts
White, yellow and red Flannels, sorted prices
Green and white Baize
Yarn Hose and Caps
Coarse and fine Hats, in cases of 6 dozen each
20 pieces superfine wide Black Russels
Joans Spinning and Camblets
With an Invoice of common and fine drawn NAILS, flatt and sharp points, well assorted
They have also for Sale,
British Oznabrigs } *IN BALES.*
Ravens Duck }
Russia Sheetings }
Saxon and Bohemia Dowlas—in Chests
Brown quadruple Silesias and white Platillas, do
Irish Linens, in Boxes
Irish Dowlas, white and brown
Irish Sheetings, do
Irish Sacking
Shot, assorted. Red and White Lead and Spanish Brown
T Crawley Millington Steel
Queens ware, in Crates
Glass ware, in Crates and hogsheads
Newcastle Grindstones. Boxes tin plates
A few pipes London market Teneriffe Wine
India Romall Hdkfs. } *IN BALES.*
Long Cloths }
Humhums }
Womans shoes, in barrels
Spermaceti Candles, in boxes.
11 mo 17 32w6w

FOR SALE,
To be EXCHANGED for property within thirty miles of the city, or to let on ground-rent forever
Several valuable building Lots,
In Philadelphia,
Enquire of William M. Biddle. no. 147, Chesnut-street.
nov 22 §

Ironmongery, Cutlery, &c.
THE SUBSCRIBERS
INTENDING to decline their present Business, offer for sale, at reduced prices, a handsome assortment of Ironmongery, Cutlery, &c. in lots to suit the purchasers.
John Green & Co.
No. 16, North Second street.
☞ Ironmongers
Will find the above Goods not unworty their attention.
nov 23 §

DOBBIN & ROBERTS,
TAYLORS,
RESPECTFULLY inform their Customers, and the Public in general, that they have removed from No. 114, Chesnut Street, to
No. 30, South Fourth Street;
Where orders in their line will be thankfully received and diligently attended to.
november 15 mw&f,2w

French Language.
G. DUFIEF,
No. 63, SOUTH SECOND STREET,
WILL OPEN
His DAY and EVENING SCHOOL,
On Wednesday, the 14th Inst.
N. B.—Private Tuition attended to as usual and Translations from either Language into the other, performed with accuracy, secrecy, and dispatch.
nov. 10 ewtf

JOHN J. PARRY,
CLOCK & WATCHMAKER,
HAS again opened at his usual Stand, No. 38, South Second street—where he has for Sale,
A VARIETY OF
Excellent Gold & Silver Watches,
AND A FEW
Eight Day Cclocks,
Which will be warranted to give satisfaction.
An assortment of
Gold, Steel and Gilt chains, Seals and Keys.
All kinds of Clock and Watch work done with particular attention as heretofore.
☞ An Apprentice wanted.
november 12 *m.w&f.3w.*

LARENCE SECKEL,
No. 155, *Market-Street.*
First quality London Particular } WINES.
Madeira, Port, Sherry and Lisbon }
Cogniac Brandy, 1st to 4th proof.
Spirits.
By the Pipe, Hhd, Quarter-cask or Gallon.
dec 3 mw&f2w

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.
DESERTED last night, a second time, from the Marine Camp, *David Luper*, a fifer.—He had when he went away, a plain blue jacket and vest, light blue overalls, a round hat, which had been bound with yellow, and which he had ripped off in his first desertion, and a pair of new shoes. he is a Carpenter by trade, has grey eyes, sandy hair fallow complexion and a notch in his upper lip. His back is still sore from a flogging he got a few days ago. He may be discovered by his fifeing, as he plays extremely well.
W. W. BURROWS Major Com. of the
October 17. Marine Corps.

The time of an Active
BLACK BOY,
WHO is about sixteen years old, and has five years to serve, to be disposed of. He is well acquainted with the business of a farm, and handy at cooking or waiting in the house. Enquire at the office of this Gazette.
nov. 26 co2w

IMPORTED,
In the Ships Active and Liberty, from HAMBURGH.
Ticklenburghs,
Oznabrigs,
White Platillas
Brown Silesias
Bretagnes
Hessian Rolls
Brown Russia Sheetings
German Lindseys,
Bed Ticks, &c.
For Sale by
GEORGE PENNOCK.
no. 103 Market-street.
nov 22 §

NOTICE.
ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of William Beauchamp, lately deceased, are desired to make immediate payment and those who have any claims against said Estate to produce their accounts properly attested to
Saml. Price, executor.
nov 20 dtm

BEEF,
OF THE FIRST QUALITY,
And fit for India voyages.—For Sale By
WILLIAM SHEAFF,
No. 168, High Street.
nov. 23 dtf

FOR SALE,
By the Subscriber,
Belfast Canvass, No. 1, to 7,
On moderate terms for Cash or a short credit.
James Lyle,
South Seventh street, near Chesnut.
nov 16 §

Forty Dollars Reward.
DESERTED,
From a Detachment of Men under my command, at Camp West Schuylkill, viz.
October 29.
GEORGE KELLER, 40 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches in height, dark hair and complexion, born in Holland, no Trade, speaks broken English and very talkative, has a dimple in his chin.
November 6. John Murphy, 27 years of age, 5 feet 7 1/2 inches in height, grey eyes, dark hair and complexion, born in Ireland, city of Dublin, by trade a Hozier.
Jacob Iden, 34 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high, grey eyes, sandy hair, fresh complexion, born in New-England, state of Connecticut, a repeated deserter, by trade a Blacksmith.
November 7. William Collins, 30 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high, sandy hair, fresh complexion, grey eyes, born in Ireland, county of Wexford, by trade a Gardner, has worked for some time about Philadelphia, he is very fond to hear himself Sing.
All the above deserters are very much addicted to liquor, and will take other people's property if in their power, are artificially marked on their backs, had on, when they went away, their regimental clothing. Whosoever apprehends said deserters, shall receive forty dollars reward, or ten dollars for each, with all reasonable expences, by applying to me as above,
EDWARD MILLER, captain
2d regiment of Infantry commanding.
nov 10 §

BALLAST.
A QUANTITY to be disposed of, if applied for immediately, on board the Ship Louisa, lying MR. HUMPHREY'S Ship Yard.
november 10. §

ALL PERSONS having any legal demands against the estate of *William Perkins*, deceased, late of the city of Philadelphia, Tavern keeper, are requested to furnish their accounts properly authenticated, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment to the subscriber in Philadelphia,
LEVI HOLLINGSWORTH Admnr.
October 31st, 1798.

DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, TO WIT:
BE IT REMEMBERED,
(L S) THAT on the twelfth day of August, in the twenty-third year of the Independence of the United States of America, Benjamin Smith Barton, of the said district, hath deposited in this office the title of a book the right whereof he claims as author in the words following to wit:
"New Views of the Origin of the Tribes and "Nations of America—By Benjamin Smith Barton, M. D. Correspondent Member of the Society of the Antiquaries of Scotland, Member of "the American Philosophical Society, Fellow of "the American Academy of Arts and Sciences of "Boston, Correspondidg Member of the Massachusetts Historical Society, and Professor of "Materia Medica, Natural History and Botany "in the University of Pennsylvania."
In conformity to the act of the Congress of the United States, intitled "An act for the encouragement of learning by securing the copies of maps, charts, and books, to the authors and proprietor, of such copies during the times therein mentioned."
SAMUEL CALDWELL, Clerk, Dist. of Penn'
November 2, 1798.

A Young Man,
WHO writes a good hand, understands accounts and can be well recommended, wants a Situation as Clerk or Assistant in a Wholesale Store, or Counting-house. Application to be made at this Office.
nov 14 §

A CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.
JOHN A. SHAEFFER, of Philadelphia, who has for a few years past been in the southern States, has had the effrontery to draw several Bills of Exchange on Timothy Pickering, Esq. Secretary of State, and myself, and by that means has defrauded a number of persons of their money, deceiving them by an exhibition of letters and papers with the names affixed of divers public characters and reputable merchants highly recommendatory of said Shaeffer; to one of these papers I find my name subscribed, but I do not know the man; these are villainous forgeries! To prevent further imposition, I have to request the printers of Newspapers in the United States to publish this for the benefit of their fellow-citizens. SAMUEL MEREDITH,
Treasurer of the United States.
Trenton, New-Jersey, }
October 24, 1798. }

To be Let,
AND POSSESSION GIVEN
ON THE 14TH APRIL NEXT,
THE CITY TAVERN,
Now in the possession of Samuel Richardet.
Apply at this Office.
november 13 §